

Creating Sustainable Solutions TOGETHER

Fourth Quarter and Full Year 2022 Earnings Presentation



Agenda

- 1. Introduction
 Roger Hendriksen | Director, Investor Relations
- 2. 2022 Year in Review

 Jeff Edwards | Chairman and Chief Executive Officer
- Financial Overview and Initial 2023 Guidance
 Jon Banas | Executive VP and Chief Financial Officer
- 4. Strategic Business Overview and Outlook
 Jeff Edwards
- 5. Q & A



Forward-Looking Statements

This presentation includes "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of U.S. federal securities laws, and we intend that such forward-looking statements be subject to the safe harbor created thereby. Our use of words "estimate," "expect," "anticipate," "project," "plan," "intend," "believe," "outlook", "guidance", "forecast," or future or conditional verbs, such as "will," "should," "could," "would," or "may," and variations of such words or similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements. All forward-looking statements are based upon our current expectations and various assumptions. Our expectations, beliefs, and projections are expressed in good faith and we believe there is a reasonable basis for them. However, we cannot assure you that these expectations, beliefs and projections will be achieved. Forward-looking statements are not guarantees of future performance and are subject to significant risks and uncertainties that may cause actual results or achievements to be materially different from the future results or achievements expressed or implied by the forward-looking statements. Among other items, such factors may include: volatility or decline of the Company's stock price, or absence of stock price appreciation; impacts, including commodity cost increases and disruptions related to the war in Ukraine and the COVID-related lockdowns in China; our ability to offset the adverse impact of higher commodity and other costs through negotiations with our customers; the impact, and expected continued impact, of the COVID-19 outbreak on our financial condition and results of operations; significant risks to our liquidity presented by the COVID-19 pandemic risk; prolonged or material contractions in automotive sales and production volumes; our inability to realize sales represented by awarded business; escalating pricing pressures; loss of large customers or significant platforms; our ability to successfully compete in the automotive parts industry; availability and increasing volatility in costs of manufactured components and raw materials; disruption in our supply base; competitive threats and commercial risks associated with our diversification strategy through our Advanced Technology Group; possible variability of our working capital requirements; risks associated with our international operations, including changes in laws, regulations, and policies governing the terms of foreign trade such as increased trade restrictions and tariffs; foreign currency exchange rate fluctuations; our ability to control the operations of our joint ventures for our sole benefit; our substantial amount of indebtedness and variable rates of interest; our ability to obtain adequate financing sources in the future; operating and financial restrictions imposed on us under our debt instruments; the underfunding of our pension plans; significant changes in discount rates and the actual return on pension assets; effectiveness of continuous improvement programs and other cost savings plans; manufacturing facility closings or consolidation; our ability to execute new program launches; our ability to meet customers' needs for new and improved products; the possibility that our acquisitions and divestitures may not be successful; product liability, warranty and recall claims brought against us; laws and regulations, including environmental, health and safety laws and regulations; legal and regulatory proceedings, claims or investigations against us; work stoppages or other labor disruptions; the ability of our intellectual property to withstand legal challenges; cyber-attacks, data privacy concerns, other disruptions in, or the inability to implement upgrades to, our information technology systems; the possible volatility of our annual effective tax rate; the possibility of a failure to maintain effective controls and procedures; the possibility of future impairment charges to our goodwill and long-lived assets; our ability to identify, attract, develop and retain a skilled, engaged and diverse workforce; our ability to procure insurance at reasonable rates; and our dependence on our subsidiaries for cash to satisfy our obligations; and other risks and uncertainties, including those detailed from time to time in our periodic reports filed with the securities and exchange commission.

You should not place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements. Our forward-looking statements speak only as of the date of this presentation, and we undertake no obligation to publicly update or otherwise revise any forward-looking statement, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, except where we are expressly required to do so by law.

This presentation also contains estimates and other information that is based on industry publications, surveys, and forecasts. This information involves a number of assumptions and limitations, and we have not independently verified the accuracy or completeness of the information.



2022 Year in Review

Jeff Edwards, Chairman and CEO



Continued Operating Excellence, Delivering for Customers

2022 Key Statistics

98%
World-class Quality
Green Customer Scorecards

97%
World-class Service
Green Launch Scorecards

0.33World-class Safety
Total Incident Rate (TIR)

World-class Safety
Plants with Perfect TIR of 0

\$75m
Manufacturing/Purchasing
Lean Savings

\$22m

Reduced Overhead
Lower SGA&E Expense

\$8m

Restructuring Savings
Footprint and Staffing Optimization

\$105m
Combined Savings
Continued Solid Ops Execution

Material Costs, Labor and General Inflation Outpaced Cost Savings



Continued Recognition for Culture of Integrity

Newsweek's list of America's Most Responsible Companies for the fourth consecutive year



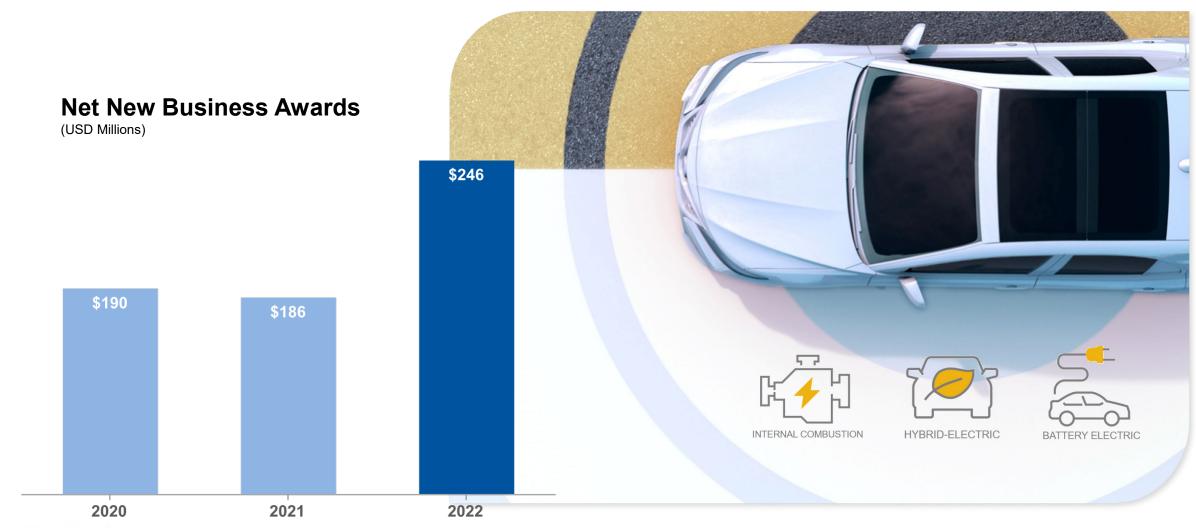
One of the World's Most Ethical Companies® by Ethisphere® for the third consecutive year





Strong Customer Relations Driving New Business Awards

Creating Value Through Quality, Service, Technology and Innovation





Financial Overview

Jon Banas, Executive VP and CFO



Financial Results¹

(USD millions, except per share amounts)

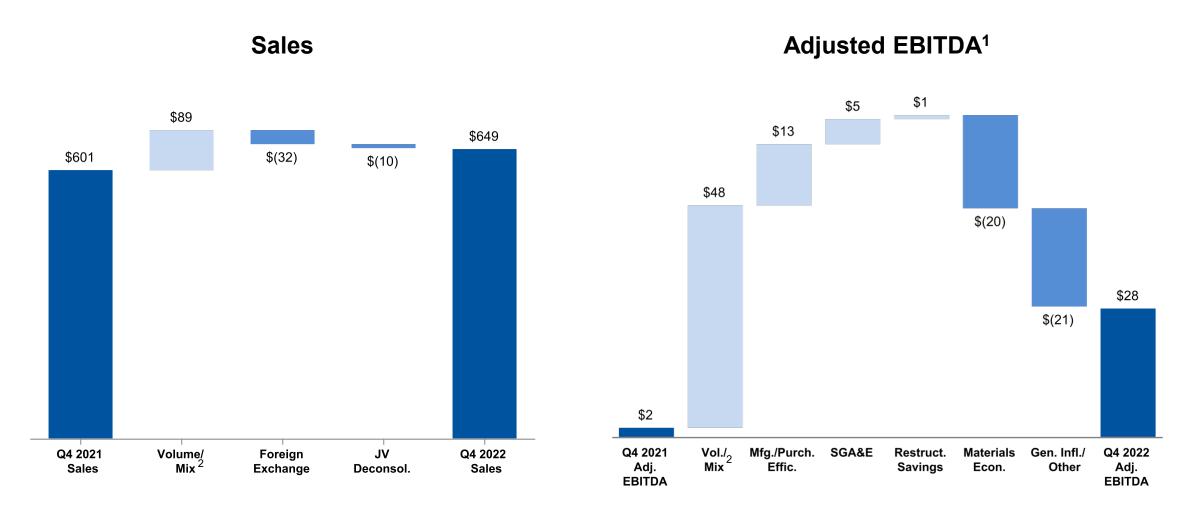
	Thre	e months er	ided I	December 31,	Twelve months ended December 31,					
		2022		2021		2022	2021			
Sales	\$	649.3	\$	601.3	\$	2,525.4	\$	2,330.2		
Gross Profit	\$	54.3	\$	28.0	\$	129.8	\$	87.2		
% Margin		8.4 9	6	4.7 %	5.1 %		6	3.7 %		
Adjusted EBITDA ²	\$	27.6	\$	2.0	\$	37.9	\$	(8.0)		
% Margin		4.2 9	6	0.3 %		1.5 %	6	(0.3)%		
Income Tax Expense	\$	15.5	\$	23.8	\$	17.3	\$	39.4		
Effective Tax Rate %		(21.1)9	6	(29.4)%	(29.4)% (8.6)%		6	(13.6)%		
Net Loss	\$	(88.1)	\$	(102.2)	\$	(215.4)	\$	(322.8)		
EPS (Fully diluted)	\$	(5.12)	\$	(5.98)	\$	(12.53)	\$	(18.94)		
Adjusted Net Loss ²	\$	(31.9)	\$	(50.3)	\$	(171.5)	\$	(222.3)		
Adjusted EPS (Fully diluted) ²	\$	(1.85)	\$	(2.94)	\$	(9.98)	\$	(13.04)		
CAPEX	\$	12.7	\$	20.1	\$	71.2	\$	96.1		
% of Sales		1.9 9	6	3.3 %		2.8 %	6	4.1 %		

¹ The financial results discussed throughout this presentation are presented on a preliminary basis. The Company's annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2022 will include audited financial results.

 $^{^{\}rm 2}$ See Appendix for definitions and reconciliation to U.S. GAAP

Fourth Quarter 2022 Bridge Analysis

(USD millions)



¹ See Appendix for definitions and reconciliation to U.S. GAAP

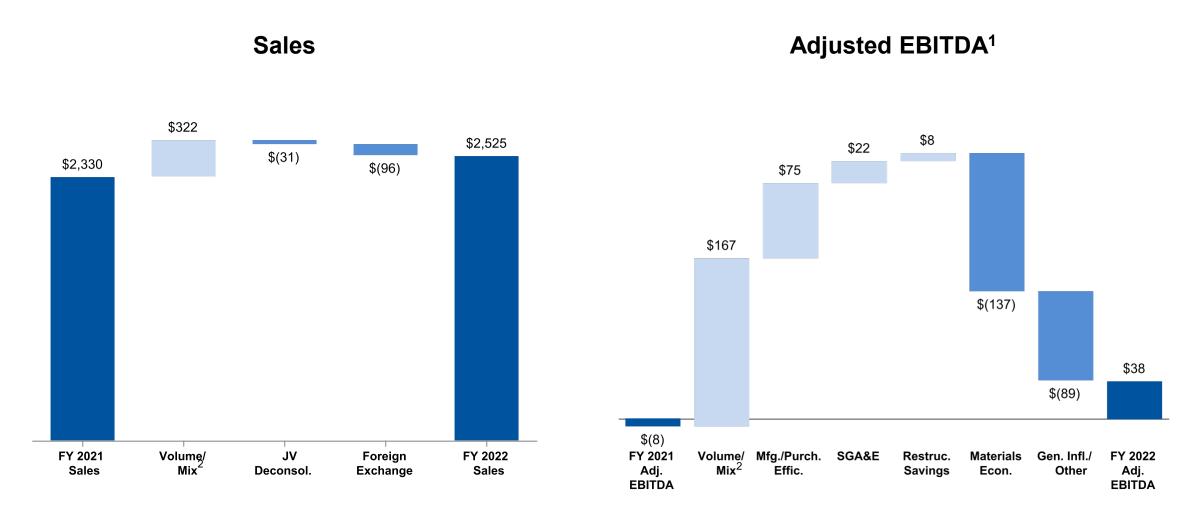
² Net of customer price adjustments. Includes impact of material cost recoveries.



Totals may not add due to rounding

Full-year 2022 Bridge Analysis

(USD millions)



¹ See Appendix for definitions and reconciliation to U.S. GAAP



² Net of customer price adjustments. Includes impact of material cost recoveries.

Continuing Strong Liquidity

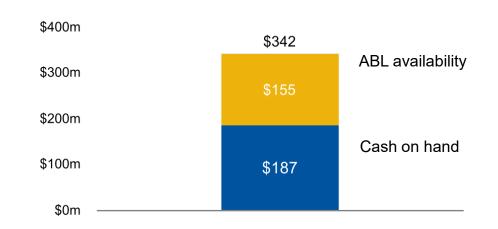
Free Cash Flow¹

(millions)	
Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities	
Capital expenditures	
Free cash flow	

	Three Months Ended December 31,										
		2022		2021							
	\$	(25.8)	\$	(4.0)							
-		(12.7)		(20.1)							
	\$	(38.4)	\$	(24.2)							

¹Totals may not add due to rounding

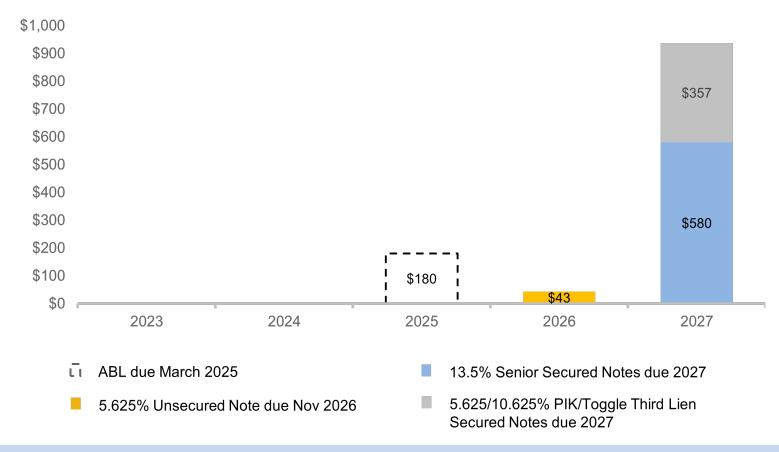
Liquidity - December 31, 2022





Refinancing Enhanced Balance Sheet and Debt Maturity Schedule

Increased Financial Flexibility to Grow and Further Optimize Business







2023 Initial Guidance¹

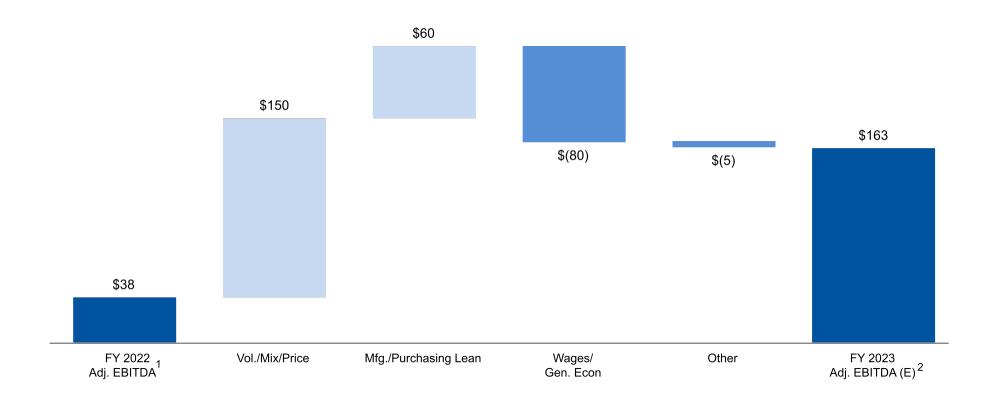
		2022 Act.	2023 Est.		
	Sales	\$2.5 billion	\$2.6 - \$2.8 billion		
	Adj. EBITDA ²	\$37.9 million	\$150 - \$175 million		
Key Company	Capital Expenditures	\$71.2 million	\$70 - \$80 million		
Measures	Cash Restructuring	estructuring \$23.7 million			
Net Cas	Cash Interest	\$80.2 million	\$50 - \$55 million		
	Net Cash Taxes Paid/(Refund)	\$(56.4) million	\$10 - \$20 million		
	North America	14.3	15.1		
Light Vehicle Production	Europe	15.7	16.5		
(Million Units)	Greater China	26.3	26.6		
	South America	2.8	3.0		

¹Guidance is representative of management's estimates and expectations as of the date it is published. Current guidance as presented in this document considers January 2023 IHS Markit production forecasts for relevant light vehicle platforms and models, customers' planned production schedules and other internal assumptions.



2023 Adjusted EBITDA¹ Guidance Bridge Analysis

Estimates Based on Midpoint of Provided Range (USD millions)



¹ See Appendix for definitions and reconciliation to U.S. GAAP

² Adjusted EBITDA is a non-GAAP financial measure. The Company has not provided a reconciliation of projected adjusted EBITDA to projected net income because full-year net income will include special items that have not yet occurred and are difficult to predict with reasonable certainty prior to year-end. Due to this uncertainty, the Company cannot reconcile projected adjusted EBITDA to U.S. GAAP net income without unreasonable effort.



Totals may not add due to rounding

15

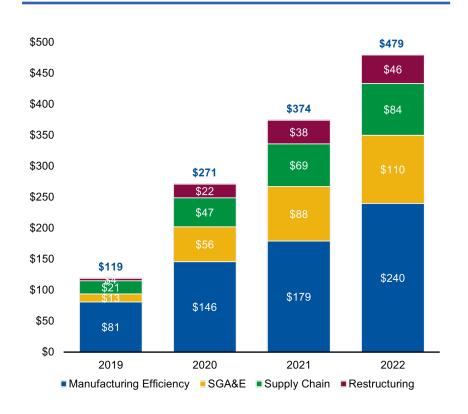
Strategic Business Overview and Outlook

Jeff Edwards, Chairman and CEO



Expect to Leverage Lean Cost Structure on Higher Volume

Cumulative Cost-Saving Impact to Adjusted EBITDA (2019-2022)



Continuing Cost Optimization Initiatives



Targeted European plant restructuring initiatives
Right sizing select facilities and revenues



Further global overhead and SGA&E optimization Maintain costs while growing revenue



reduction

Continue lean manufacturing initiatives
Improving manufacturing efficiency VAVE and other cost



Maintain laser focus on overall fixed costs controls
Capital, structure, spending



Strong Customer Relationships Position CPS to Achieve Enhanced Commercial Agreements

Customer Actions

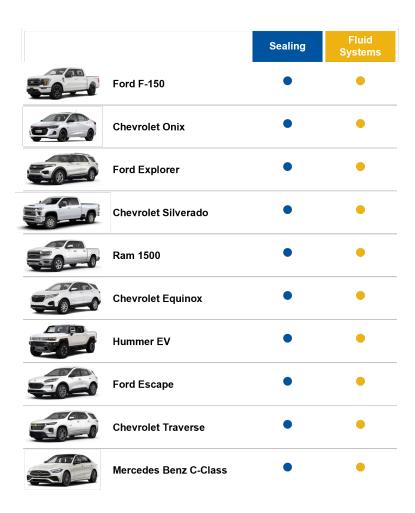
- Successfully reduced and limited exposure to material cost fluctuations (2022)
- Negotiations continue to address previous and on-going non-material cost inflation
- Actively pursuing improved repayment terms, reduced exposure on customer owned tooling
- Continued commitment to fix or exit financially poor performing products or regions





Partnering with our Customers on Top Programs

2023 Top 10 Vehicle Platforms



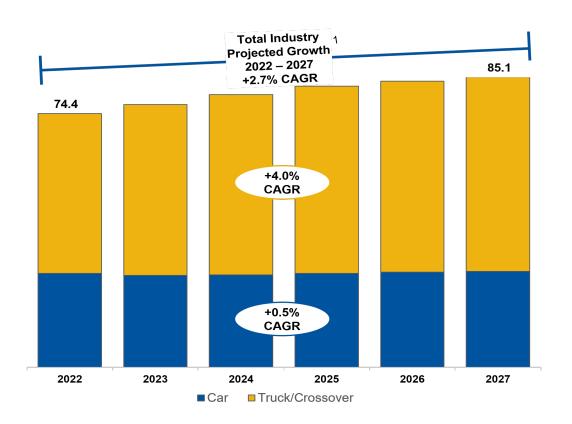
- Top 10 platforms account for ~40% of planned 2023 revenue
- Unweighted average content per vehicle (CPV) across top 10 platforms is ~\$200
- Platform lineup weighted toward light trucks, SUVs and CUVs
- Expanded electric vehicle (EV) products/technology place an EV among our top 10 for the first time



Advantaged Market Position to Drive Strong Growth

Global Light Vehicle Production

(Million Units)



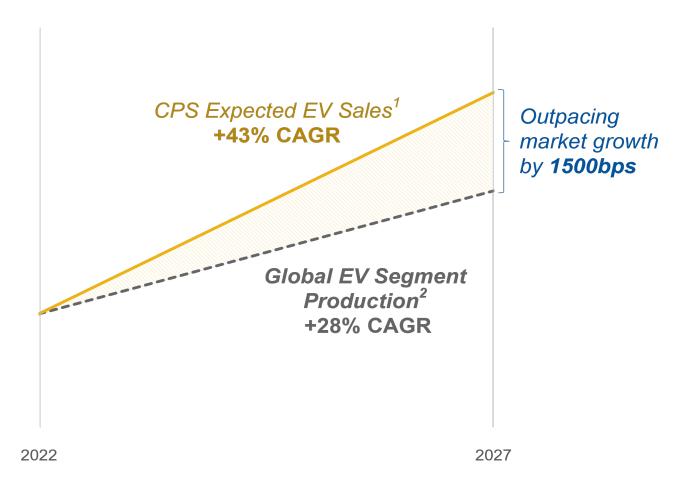
Cooper Standard's 2023 mix favorably weighted ²								
	Cars	Trucks / Crossovers						
% Revenue – Global ²	18%	75%						
% Revenue – N. America ²	10%	87%						
CPV (relative to cars) – Global		~2.2x						
CPV (relative to cars) – N. America		~2.0x						



¹ S&P Global (IHS Markit) – October 2022 (excluding Japan)

² Data based on Company estimates – full year 2023. Does not show non-automotive revenue of 8% globally and 3% in North America

Electric Vehicle Trends Creating Opportunity



CPS - Key EV Data Points

- \$198m new EV business awards in 2022
 - Represents 80% of total net new business awards for the year
- Current supplier on 3 of the top 5 and 9 of the top 15 EV nameplates³
- Continuing development of highly technical fluid systems represents expanded TAM and margin opportunities



¹ Data based on booked business, target business and Company estimates

² S&P Global (IHS Markit) - October 2022 (Excluding Japan)

³ Based on S&P Global (IHS Markit) global EV production estimates for 2023 (excluding Japan)

Leveraging Culture and Core Values to Drive Improving Results



Reinforcing a strong company culture



Managing cost and preserving cash



Maintaining operational excellence



Delivering customercentric innovations



Focusing strategically on sustainable solutions



IQ&A



Appendix



Non-GAAP Financial Measures

EBITDA, adjusted EBITDA margin, adjusted net (loss) income, adjusted (loss) earnings per share, net debt and free cash flow are measures not recognized under U.S. GAAP and which exclude certain non-cash and special items that may obscure trends and operating performance not indicative of the Company's core financial activities. Management considers EBITDA, adjusted EBITDA, adjusted EBITDA margin, adjusted net (loss) income, adjusted (loss) earnings per share, net debt and free cash flow to be key indicators of the Company's operating performance and believes that these and similar measures are widely used by investors, securities analysts and other interested parties in evaluating the Company's performance. In addition, similar measures are utilized in the calculation of the financial covenants and ratios contained in the Company's financing arrangements and management uses these measures for developing internal budgets and forecasting purposes. EBITDA is defined as net loss adjusted to reflect income tax expense, interest expense net of interest income, depreciation and amortization, and adjusted EBITDA is defined as EBITDA further adjusted to reflect certain items that management does not consider to be reflective of the Company's core operating performance. Adjusted EBITDA as a percentage of sales. Adjusted net (loss) income is defined as net (loss) income adjusted to reflect certain items that management does not consider to be reflective of the Company's core operating performance. Adjusted basic and diluted (loss) earnings per share is defined as adjusted net (loss) earnings divided by the weighted average number of basic and diluted shares, respectively, outstanding during the period. Net debt is defined as total debt minus cash and cash equivalents. Free cash flow is defined as net cash provided by operating activities minus capital expenditures and is useful to both management and investors in evaluating the Company's ability to service and repay its debt.

When analyzing the Company's operating performance, investors should use EBITDA, adjusted EBITDA margin, adjusted net (loss) income, adjusted (loss) earnings per share, net debt and free cash flow as supplements to, and not as alternatives for, net (loss) income, operating (loss) earnings, or any other performance measure derived in accordance with U.S. GAAP, and not as an alternative to cash flow from operating activities as a measure of the Company's liquidity. EBITDA, adjusted EBITDA margin, adjusted net (loss) income, adjusted (loss) earnings per share, net debt and free cash flow have limitations as analytical tools and should not be considered in isolation or as substitutes for analysis of the Company's results of operations as reported under U.S. GAAP. Other companies may report EBITDA, adjusted EBITDA, adjusted EBITDA margin, adjusted net (loss) income, adjusted free cash flow differently and therefore the Company's results may not be comparable to other similarly titled measures of other companies. In addition, in evaluating adjusted EBITDA and adjusted net (loss) income, it should be noted that in the future the Company may incur expenses similar to or in excess of the adjustments in the below presentation. This presentation of adjusted EBITDA and adjusted net (loss) income, adjusted (loss) earnings per share, net debt and free cash flow follow.



EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA Reconciliation

(Unaudited, dollar amounts in thousands)

	Quarter Ended December 31,					Year Ended [ember 31,		
		2022		2021		2022		2021	
			(dollar amoun	ts in	in thousands)			
Net loss attributable to Cooper-Standard Holdings Inc.	\$	(88,091)	\$	(102,187)	\$	(215,384)	\$	(322,835)	
Income tax expense (benefit)		15,467		23,794		17,291		39,392	
Interest expense, net of interest income		21,136		18,359		78,514		72,511	
Depreciation and amortization		28,303		33,987		122,476		139,008	
EBITDA	\$	(23,185)	\$	(26,047)	\$	2,897	\$	(71,924)	
Restructuring charges		5,290		2,699		18,304		36,950	
Deconsolidation of joint venture (1)		_		_		2,257		_	
Impairment charges (2)		42,873		23,762		43,710		25,609	
Gain on sale of business, net (3)		_		_		_		(696)	
Gain on sale of fixed assets, net (4)		_		_		(33,391)		_	
Lease termination costs (5)		_		318		_		748	
Indirect tax and customs adjustments (6)		(68)		_		1,409			
Pension settlement and curtailment charges (7)		2,682		1,279		2,682		1,279	
Adjusted EBITDA	\$	27,592	\$	2,011	\$	37,868	\$	(8,034)	
Sales	\$	649,337	\$	601,349	\$	2,525,391	\$	2,330,191	
Net loss margin		(13.6)%		(17.0)%	1	(8.5)%		(13.9)%	
Adjusted EBITDA margin		4.2 %		0.3 %	1	1.5 %		(0.3)%	

- 1. Loss attributable to deconsolidation of a joint venture in the Asia Pacific region, which required adjustment to fair value.
- 2. Non-cash impairment charges in 2022 related to recent operating performance and idle assets in certain locations in North America, Europe and Asia Pacific. Impairment charges in 2021 related to fixed assets and goodwill.
- 3. During 2021, the Company recorded subsequent adjustments to the net gain on sale of business, which related to the 2020 divestiture of our European rubber fluid transfer and specialty sealing businesses, as well as its Indian operations. In 2020, the gain on sale of business primarily related to divestitures.
- 4. In 2022, the Company recognized a gain on a sale-leaseback agreement on one of its European facilities.
- 5. Lease termination costs no longer recorded as restructuring charges in accordance with ASC 842, Leases.
- 6. Impact of prior period indirect tax and customs adjustments.
- 7. Non-cash net pension settlement and curtailment charges and administrative fees incurred related to certain of our U.S. and non-U.S. pension plans.



Adjusted Net Income (Loss) and Adjusted EPS

(Unaudited, dollar amounts in thousands except share and per share amounts)

	 Quarter Ended	Year Ende	Year Ended December 31,			
	 2022	2021	2022		2021	
	(dollar	amounts in thousand	ds, except per share	amount	s)	
Net loss attributable to Cooper-Standard Holdings Inc.	\$ (88,091)	\$ (102,187)) \$ (215,38	4) \$	(322,835)	
Restructuring charges	5,290	2,699	18,30	4	36,950	
Deconsolidation of joint venture (1)	_	_	2,25	7	_	
Impairment charges (2)	42,873	23,762	43,71	0	25,609	
Gain on sale of business, net (3)	_	_	_	_	(696)	
Gain on sale of fixed assets, net (4)	_	_	(33,39	1)	_	
Lease termination costs (5)	_	318	-	-	748	
Indirect tax and customs adjustments (6)	(68)	_	1,40	9	_	
Pension settlement and curtailment charges (7)	2,682	1,279	2,68	2	1,279	
Deferred tax valuation allowance (8)	6,834	23,627	6,83	4	36,905	
Tax impact of adjusting items (9)	 (1,408)	225	2,07	<u>5</u>	(259)	
Adjusted net loss	\$ (31,888)	\$ (50,277)	<u>\$ (171,50</u>	<u>4)</u> <u>\$</u>	(222,299)	
Weighted average shares outstanding						
Basic	17,218,921	17,099,143	17,190,95	8	17,045,353	
Diluted (8)	17,218,921	17,099,143	17,190,95	8	17,045,353	
Loss per share:						
Basic	\$ (5.12)	\$ (5.98)) \$ (12.5	<u>3) \$</u>	(18.94)	
Diluted	\$ (5.12)	\$ (5.98)	\$ (12.5	3) \$	(18.94)	
Adjusted loss per share:						
Basic	\$ (1.85)	\$ (2.94)) \$ (9.9	8) \$	(13.04)	
Diluted	\$ (1.85)	\$ (2.94)	\$ (9.9	8) \$	(13.04)	

- Loss attributable to deconsolidation of a joint venture in the Asia Pacific region, which required adjustment to fair value.
- Non-cash impairment charges in 2022 related to fixed assets. Impairment charges in 2021 related to fixed assets and goodwill.
- During 2021, the Company recorded subsequent adjustments to the net gain on sale of business, which related to the 2020 divestiture of our European rubber fluid transfer and specialty sealing businesses, as well as its Indian operations.
- In 2022, the Company recognized a gain on a sale-leaseback agreement on one of its European facilities.
- Lease termination costs no longer recorded as restructuring charges in accordance with ASC 842, Leases.
- Impact of prior period indirect tax and customs adjustments.
- Non-cash net pension settlement and curtailment charges and administrative fees incurred related to certain of our U.S. and non-U.S. pension plans.
- In 2022, relates to the recognition of our valuation allowance on net deferred tax assets in Poland. In 2021, the deferred tax valuation allowance relates to the initial recognition of our valuation allowance in the U.S. and certain
 - Represents the elimination of the income tax impact of the above adjustments, by calculating the income tax impact of these adjusting items using the appropriate tax rate for the jurisdiction where the charges were incurred.



Free Cash Flow

(Unaudited, dollar amounts in thousands)

	Three Months Ended December 31,				Twelve Months Ended December 31,			
		2022		2021		2022		2021
Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities	\$	(25,790)	\$	(4,022)	\$	(36,150)	\$	(115,510)
Capital expenditures		(12,659)		(20,142)		(71,150)		(96,107)
Free cash flow	\$	(38,449)	\$	(24,164)	\$	(107,300)	\$	(211,617)

